This document gives pertinent information concerning the reissuance of the VPDES Permit listed below. This permit is being processed as a Minor, Municipal permit. The discharge results from the operation of a 0.004 MGD wastewater treatment plant. This permit action consists of updating the proposed effluent limits to reflect the current Virginia WQS (effective January 6, 2011) and updating permit language as appropriate. The effluent limitations and special conditions contained in this permit will maintain the Water Quality Standards of 9VAC25-260 *et seq*.

1. Facility Name and Mailing

Lightfoot Elementary School

SIC Code: 4952 WWTP

Address:

WWTP 200 Dailey Drive

Orange, VA 22960

Facility Location: 11360 Zachary Taylor Highway

Unionville, VA 22567

County: Orange

Facility Contact Name: Doug Arnold

Telephone Number: 540-661-4550

Facility E-mail Address: <u>darnold@ocss-va.org</u>

2. Permit No.: VA0062961

Expiration Date of previous permit:

None

September 7, 2014

Other VPDES Permits associated with this facility:

Other Permits associated with this facility:

None

E2/E3/E4 Status: Not Applicable

3. Owner Name:

Orange County School Board

Owner Contact/Title:

Dr. Brenda Tanner/Superintendent T

Telephone Number: 540-661-4550

Owner E-mail Address: <u>btanner@ocss-va.org</u>

4. Application Complete Date:

December 18, 2013

Permit Drafted By:

Joan C. Crowther

Date Drafted:

12/19/14

Draft Permit Reviewed By:

Doug Frasier

Date Reviewed:

1/12/15

Draft Permit Reviewed By:

Alison Thompson

Date Reviewed:

1/21/15

Public Comment Period:

Start Date:

End Date:

5. Receiving Waters Information: See Attachment 1 for the Flow Frequency Determination

Receiving Stream Name:

Riga Run, UT

Stream Code:

8-XDI

Drainage Area at Outfall: Stream Basin: 0.74 sq.mi.

River Mile: Subbasin: 0.17 None

Section:

York River

Stream Class:

III

Special Standards:

None

3

Waterbody ID:

VAN-F07R

7Q10 Low Flow:

0.0 MGD

7Q10 High Flow: 1Q10 High Flow:

0.0 MGD

1Q10 Low Flow:

0.0 MGD

30Q10 High Flow:

0.0 MGD 0.0 MGD

30Q10 Low Flow: Harmonic Mean Flow: 0.0 MGD 0.0 MGD

30Q5 Flow:

0.0 MGD

6. Statutory or Regulatory Basis for Special Conditions and Effluent Limitations:

X	_ State Water Control Law	X	EPA Guidelines
<u>X</u>	_ Clean Water Act	X	Water Quality Standards
<u>X</u>	VPDES Permit Regulation		Other
X	EPA NPDES Regulation		

7. Licensed Operator Requirements: Class IV

8. Reliability Class: Class II

9. Permit Characterization:

	Private		Effluent Limited	 Possible Interstate Effect
	Federal	X	Water Quality Limited	 Compliance Schedule Required
	State		Whole Effluent Toxicity Program Required	 Interim Limits in Permit
X	POTW		Pretreatment Program Required	Interim Limits in Other Document
X	TMDL		e-DMR Participant	

10. Wastewater Sources and Treatment Description:

The wastewater treatment plant consists of a grease trap, 2 in-line septic tanks (1-4,000 gallon and 1-1,000 gallon) and pump station with 2 submersible pumps. The wastewater then flows through a bar screen, into a 2,000 gallon extended aeration basin, secondary clarifier, tablet chlorination, tablet dechlorination, and diffuse post aeration.

Below is a facility schematic/diagram.

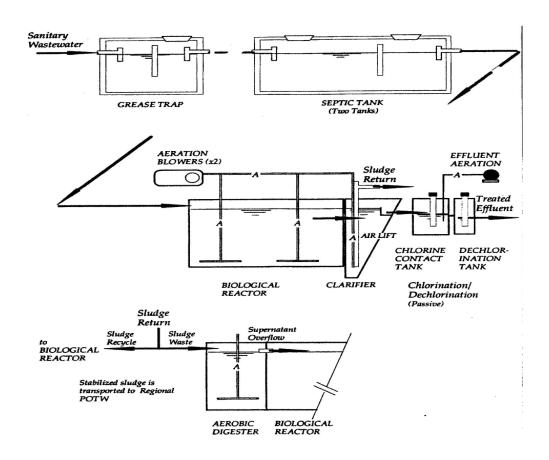
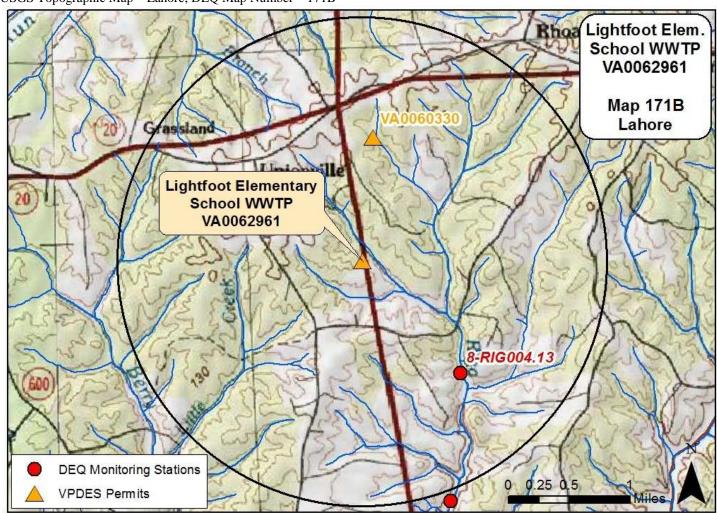


TABLE 1 – Outfall Description									
Outfall Number	Discharge Sources	Treatment	Design Flow	Outfall Latitude and Longitude					
001	Domestic Wastewater	See Item 10 above.	0.004 MGD	38° 14' 51" N 77° 57' 12" W					

USGS Topographic Map - Lahore; DEQ Map Number - 171B



11. Sludge Treatment and Disposal Methods:

The aerobic digested sludge is pumped and hauled by an independent contractor to the Massaponax Wastewater Treatment Plant (VA0025658) in Spotsylvania County, Virginia for disposal.

12. Discharges, Intakes, Monitoring Stations, Other Items in Vicinity of Discharge

TABLE 2 – VPDES Permitted Discharges and DEQ Monitoring Stations within 2 Miles of the Discharge						
VA0060330	Unionville Elementary School WWTP					
8-RIG004.13	Riga Run, Probabilistic Monitoring Station for 2011, located ~0.4 rivermiles downstream from RT 650.					

13. Material Storage:

TABLE 3 - Material Storage						
Materials Description	Volume Stored	Spill/Stormwater Prevention Measures				
Chlorine Tablets	2 – 5 gallon buckets	Stored in covered container in locked storage building				
Dechlorination Tablets	2 – 5 gallon buckets	Stored in covered container in locked storage building.				
Soda Ash	½ 50 lb. Bag	Stored in covered container in locked storage building.				

14. Site Inspection:

Performed by Terry Nelson, DEQ Water Compliance Inspector, on April 14, 2009 (see Attachment 2).

15. Receiving Stream Water Quality and Water Quality Standards:

a. Ambient Water Quality Data

This facility discharges into an unnamed tributary to Riga Run. This unnamed tributary has not been monitored or assessed by DEQ. There is a DEQ monitoring station (8-RIG004.52) located on Riga Run, approximately 1.1 miles downstream of Outfall 001 at the Route 650 bridge crossing. However, the majority of the samples were collected at this station in the 1999-2000 timeframe, with the last station visit in 2006. The water quality summary for Riga Run is presented at the end of this section. The nearest downstream DEQ ambient monitoring station with recent data is 8-TRY004.98 on Terrys Run, located at the Route 629 bridge crossing, approximately 6.1 miles downstream of Outfall 001. The following is the water quality summary for this segment of Terrys Run, as taken from the 2012 Integrated Report:

The fish consumption use is categorized as impaired due to a Virginia Department of Health, Division of Health Hazards Control, PCB fish consumption advisory. Additionally, excursions above the fish tissue value (TV) of 300 parts per billion (ppb) for mercury (Hg) in fish tissue were recorded in tissue from one species (bluegill sunfish) of fish sampled in 2006 (two total excursions) at monitoring station 8-TRY004.98, noted by an observed effect.

There was no new E. coli monitoring for the 2012 assessment. The bacteria impairment listed in the 2010 assessment will be carried forward. A bacteria TMDL for the Terrys Run watershed has been completed and approved. The aquatic life and wildlife uses are considered fully supporting.

The following is the water quality summary for Riga Run, as taken from the 2012 Integrated Report. The DEQ monitoring stations located in this segment of Riga Run are 1)Ambient monitoring station 8-RIG004.52, at Route 650, and 2)Freshwater probabilistic monitoring station 8-RIG003.01, 1.5 rivermiles downstream of Route 650.

The aquatic life, wildlife, and fish consumption uses are considered fully supporting. The recreation use was not assessed.

b. 303(d) Listed Stream Segments and Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)

	TABLE 5									
Waterbody Name	Impaired Use	Cause	Distance From Outfall	TMDL completed WLA		Basis for WLA	TMDL Schedule			
Impairment Inf	formation in the 20	12 Integrated Report								
Terrys Run	Recreation	E. coli	5.8 miles	York River Basin (Lake Anna Tribs) Bacteria 11/04/05	6.98E+09 cfu/year <i>E. coli</i>	126 cfu/100ml E. coli 0.004 MGD	N/A			
	Fish Consumption	PCBs		N/A			2018			

Significant portions of the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries are listed as impaired on Virginia's 303(d) list of impaired waters for not meeting the aquatic life use support goal, and the 2012 Virginia Water Quality Assessment 305(b)/303(d) Integrated Report indicates that much of the mainstem Bay does not fully support this use support goal under Virginia's Water Quality

Assessment guidelines. Nutrient enrichment is cited as one of the primary causes of impairment. EPA issued the Bay TMDL on December 29, 2010. It was based, in part, on the Watershed Implementation Plans developed by the Bay watershed states and the District of Columbia.

The Chesapeake Bay TMDL addresses all segments of the Bay and its tidal tributaries that are on the impaired waters list. As with all TMDLs, a maximum aggregate watershed pollutant loading necessary to achieve the Chesapeake Bay's water quality standards has been identified. This aggregate watershed loading is divided among the Bay states and their major tributary basins, as well as by major source categories [wastewater, urban storm water, onsite/septic agriculture, air deposition]. Fact Sheet Section 17.e provides additional information on specific nutrient monitoring for this facility to implement the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay TMDL.

The planning statement is found in Attachment 3.

c. Receiving Stream Water Quality Criteria

Part IX of 9VAC25-260(360-550) designates classes and special standards applicable to defined Virginia river basins and sections. The receiving stream Riga Run, UT is located within Section 3 of the York River Basin, and classified as a Class III water.

At all times, Class III waters must achieve a dissolved oxygen (D.O.) of 4.0 mg/L or greater, a daily average D.O. of 5.0 mg/L or greater, a temperature that does not exceed 32°C, and maintain a pH of 6.0-9.0 standard units (S.U.).

The Freshwater Water Quality/Wasteload Allocation Analysis (Attachment 4) details other water quality criteria applicable to the receiving stream.

Some Water Quality Criteria are dependent on the temperature and pH and Total Hardness of the stream and final effluent. The stream and final effluent values used as part of Attachment 5 are as follows:

pH and Temperature for Ammonia Criteria:

The fresh water, aquatic life Water Quality Criteria for Ammonia are dependent on the instream temperature and pH. Since the effluent may have an impact on the instream values, the temperature and pH values of the effluent must also be considered when determining the ammonia criteria for the receiving stream. The 90th percentile temperature and pH values are used because they best represent the critical design conditions of the receiving stream.

The 7Q10, 1Q10, and 30Q10 of the receiving stream are 0.0 MGD. In cases such as this, effluent pH and temperature data may be used to establish the ammonia water quality criteria. See Attachment 5 for the derivation of the 90th percentile values of the effluent pH and temperature data from August 2010 to August 2014.

Total Hardness for Hardness-Dependent Metals Criteria:

The Water Quality Criteria for some metals are dependent on the receiving stream's total hardness (expressed as mg/L calcium carbonate) as well as the total hardness of the final effluent.

There is no hardness data for this facility and receiving stream. Staff guidance suggests using a default hardness value of 50 mg/L CaCO3 for streams east of the Blue Ridge.

Bacteria Criteria:

The Virginia Water Quality Standards at 9VAC25-260-170A state that the following criteria shall apply to protect primary recreational uses in surface waters:

 $E.\ coli$ bacteria per 100 ml of water shall not exceed a monthly geometric mean of 126 n/100 ml for a minimum of four weekly samples taken during any calendar month.

d. Receiving Stream Special Standards

The State Water Control Board's Water Quality Standards, River Basin Section Tables (9VAC25-260-360, 370 and 380) designates the river basins, sections, classes, and special standards for surface waters of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The receiving stream, Riga Run, UT, is located within Section 3 of the York River Basin. There are no special standards designed for this section in the Water Quality Standards.

16. Antidegradation (9VAC25-260-30):

All state surface waters are provided one of three levels of antidegradation protection. For Tier 1 or existing use protection, existing uses of the water body and the water quality to protect these uses must be maintained. Tier 2 water bodies have water quality that is better than the water quality standards. Significant lowering of the water quality of Tier 2 waters is not allowed without an evaluation of the economic and social impacts. Tier 3 water bodies are exceptional waters and are so designated by regulatory amendment. The antidegradation policy prohibits new or expanded discharges into exceptional waters.

The receiving stream has been classified as Tier 1 based on an evaluation that the critical flows for the stream are zero and at times the stream flow is comprised of only effluent. It is staff's best professional judgment that such streams are Tier 1. Permit limits proposed have been established by determining wasteload allocations which will result in attaining and/or maintaining all water quality criteria which apply to the receiving stream, including narrative criteria. These wasteload allocations will provide for the protection and maintenance of all existing uses.

17. Effluent Screening, Wasteload Allocation, and Effluent Limitation Development:

To determine water quality-based effluent limitations for a discharge, the suitability of data must first be determined. Data is suitable for analysis if one or more representative data points is equal to or above the quantification level ("QL") and the data represent the exact pollutant being evaluated.

Next, the appropriate Water Quality Standards (WQS) are determined for the pollutants in the effluent. Then, the Wasteload Allocations (WLA) are calculated. In this case since the critical flows 7Q10 and 1Q10 have been determined to be zero, the WLA's are equal to the WQS. The WLA values are then compared with available effluent data to determine the need for effluent limitations. Effluent limitations are needed if the 97th percentile of the daily effluent concentration values is greater than the acute wasteload allocation or if the 97th percentile of the four-day average effluent concentration values is greater than the chronic wasteload allocation. Effluent limitations are based on the most limiting WLA, the required sampling frequency, and statistical characteristics of the effluent data.

a. Effluent Screening:

Effluent data obtained from the monthly DMRs from July 2009 through August 2014 has been reviewed and determined to be suitable for evaluation. The following exceedances were noted:

Ammonia as N – January 2010; January 2011; and December 2011; *E.coli* – June 2013; and Total Suspended Solids – September 2013.

The following pollutants require a wasteload allocation analysis: Total Residual Chlorine and Ammonia as N.

b. Mixing Zones and Wasteload Allocations (WLAs):

Wasteload allocations (WLAs) are calculated for those parameters in the effluent with the reasonable potential to cause an exceedance of water quality criteria. The basic calculation for establishing a WLA is the steady state complete mix equation:

	WLA	$=\frac{\text{Co}\left[\text{Qe}+(\text{f})(\text{Qs})\right]-\left[(\text{Cs})(\text{f})(\text{Qs})\right]}{\text{Qe}}$
Where:	WLA	= Wasteload allocation
	Co	= In-stream water quality criteria
	Qe	= Design flow
	Qs	= Critical receiving stream flow
		(1Q10 for acute aquatic life criteria; 7Q10 for chronic aquatic life criteria;
		30Q10 for ammonia criteria; harmonic mean for carcinogen-human health
		criteria; and 30Q5 for non-carcinogen human health criteria)
	f	= Decimal fraction of critical flow
	Cs	= Mean background concentration of parameter in the receiving stream.

The water segment receiving the discharge via Outfall 001 is considered to have a 7Q10 and 1Q10 of 0.0 MGD. As such, there is no mixing zone and the WLA is equal to the Co.

c. Effluent Limitations Toxic Pollutants, Outfall 001 -

9VAC25-31-220.D. requires limits be imposed where a discharge has a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an instream excursion of water quality criteria. Those parameters with WLAs that are near effluent concentrations are evaluated for limits.

The VPDES Permit Regulation at 9VAC25-31-230.D requires that monthly and weekly average limitations be imposed for continuous discharges from POTWs and monthly average and daily maximum limitations be imposed for all other continuous non-POTW discharges.

1) Ammonia as N:

During the 1999 permit reissuance, the discharge for this facility was reclassified as intermittent, as the facility does not regularly discharge; therefore, the ammonia wasteload allocation and effluent limitation were calculated using the acute criteria only. A 90th percentile pH value of 7.8 SU and 90th percentile temperature value of 21°C were used. These 90th percentile values were taken from the 1999 permit reissuance evaluation. However, the pH and temperature documentation could not be found. The ammonia permit limitations based on this evaluation indicated that water quality standards would be meet at 7.8 mg/L (Attachment 6).

Staff reevaluated effluent pH and temperature values using the daily effluent values submitted on the monthly DMRs from August 2010 through August 2014. Using the pH (7.8 SU) and temperature (21°C) 90th percentiles, ammonia effluent limitation were calculated and resulted in an average monthly concentration and weekly maximum concentration of 12.1 mg/L. Ammonia calculation can be found in Attachment 7. The pH and temperature data can be found in Attachment 5.

Because the facility has shown that it can be operated to meet the 7.8 mg/L, existing ammonia limitations are proposed to be carried forwarded in this permit reissuance.

DEQ guidance suggests using a sole data point of 9.0 mg/L for discharges containing domestic sewage to ensure the evaluation adequately addresses the potential for ammonia to be present in the discharge containing domestic sewage.

NOTE: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) finalized new, more stringent ammonia criteria in August 2013; possibly resulting in significant reductions in ammonia effluent limitations. It is staff's best professional judgment that incorporation of these criteria into the Virginia Water Quality Standards is forthcoming. This and many other facilities may be required to comply with new criteria during their next permit term.

2) Total Residual Chlorine:

Chlorine is used for disinfection and is potentially in the discharge. Staff calculated WLAs for TRC using current critical flows and the mixing allowance. In accordance with current DEQ guidance, staff used a default data point of 0.2 mg/L and the calculated WLAs to derive limits. A monthly average of 0.008 mg/L and a weekly average limit of 0.010 mg/L are proposed for this discharge (see Attachment 8).

3) Metals/Organics:

No metals or organics data were available for review; therefore, no effluent limits are proposed.

d. <u>Effluent Limitations and Monitoring</u>, <u>Outfall 001 – Conventional and Non-Conventional Pollutants</u>

No changes to dissolved oxygen (D.O.), biochemical oxygen demand-5 day (BOD₅), total suspended solids (TSS), *E.coli*, and pH limitations are proposed.

Dissolved Oxygen and BOD_5 are based on the stream modeling. The previous three permit reissuance fact sheets stated the stream model could not be located. Since the existing BOD_5 and dissolved oxygen effluent limitations have not caused degradation to the receiving stream, it is staff's best professional judgment that these limitations will continue to protect the receiving stream's water quality.

It is staff's practice to equate the Total Suspended Solids limits with the BOD₅ limits. TSS limits are established to equal BOD₅ limits since the two pollutants are closely related in terms of treatment of domestic sewage.

pH limitations are set at the water quality criteria.

E. coli limitations are in accordance with the Water Quality Standards 9VAC25-260-170.

e. Effluent Annual Average Limitations and Monitoring, Outfall 001 – Nutrients

Nonsignificant dischargers are subject to aggregate wasteload allocations for Total Nitrogen (TN), Total Phosphorus (TP), and Sediments under the Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for the Chesapeake Bay. Monitoring for TN, TP and TSS is required in order to verify the aggregate wasteload allocations.

f. Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Summary:

The effluent limitations are presented in the following table. Limits were established for BOD₅, Total Suspended Solids, Ammonia as N, pH, Dissolved Oxygen, and Total Residual Chlorine.

The limit for Total Suspended Solids is based on Best Professional Judgment.

The mass loading (kg/d) for monthly and weekly averages were calculated by multiplying the concentration values (mg/L), with the flow values (in MGD) and a conversion factor of 3.785.

Sample Type and Frequency are in accordance with the recommendations in the 2014 VPDES Permit Manual.

The VPDES Permit Regulation at 9VAC25-31-30 and 40 CFR Part 133 require that the facility achieve at least 85% removal for BOD_5 and TSS (or 65% for equivalent to secondary). The limits in this permit are water-quality-based effluent limits and result in greater than 85% removal.

18. Antibacksliding:

All limits in this permit are at least as stringent as those previously established. Backsliding does not apply to this reissuance.

19. Effluent Limitations/Monitoring Requirements

Design flow is 0.004 MGD.

Effective Dates: During the period beginning with the permit's effective date and lasting until the expiration date

PARAMETER	BASIS F	O.K	DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS				MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
	LIMIT	Monthly Average	Weekly Average	Minimum	Maximum	Frequency	Sample Type	
Flow (MGD)	NA	NL	NA	NA	NL	1/D	Estimate	
pH	3	NA	NA	6.0 S.U.	9.0 S.U.	1/D	Grab	
BOD ₅	2, 3	24 mg/L 0.40 kg/day	36 mg/L 0.60 kg/day	NA	NA	1/M	Grab	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	2	24 mg/L 0.40 kg/day	36 mg/L 0.60 kg/day	NA	NA	1/M	Grab	
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	2,3	NA	NA	5.0 mg/L	NA	1/D	Grab	
Ammonia, as N (mg/L)	3	7.8 mg/L	7.8 mg/L	NA	NA	1/M	Grab	
E. coli (Geometric Mean)	3	126 n/100 ml	NA	NA	NA	1/W	Grab	
Total Residual Chlorine (after contact tank)	2, 3, 4	NA	NA	1.0 mg/L	NA	1/D	Grab	
Total Residual Chlorine (after dechlorination)	3	0.008 mg/L	0.010 mg/L	NA	NA	1/D	Grab	
Nitrate+Nitrite, as N	5	NL mg/L	NA	NA	NA	1/YR	Grab	
Total Nitrogen a.	5	NL mg/L	NA	NA	NA	1/YR	Calculated	
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	5	NL mg/L	NA	NA	NA	1/YR	Grab	
Total Phosphorus	5	NL mg/L	NA	NA	NA	1/YR	Grab	
The basis for the limitations code	es are:	MGD = Million gall	ons per day.		1/D	= Once every	day.	
1. Federal Effluent Requirements		NA = Not applicable. 1/.			1/M	M = Once every month.		
2. Best Professional Judgment		NL = No limit; monitor and report. 1/W				= Once every week.		
3. Water Quality Standards		S.U. = Standard un	its.		1/YR	= Once every	calendar year.	
4 DEO D C +. C1								

^{4.} DEQ Disinfection Guidance

Grab = An individual sample collected over a period of time not to exceed 15 minutes.

Estimate = Reported flow is to be based on the technical evaluation of the sources contributing to the discharge.

a. Total Nitrogen = Sum of TKN plus Nitrate+Nitrite

20. Other Permit Requirements:

^{5.} Guidance Memo No. 14-2011 -Nutrient Monitoring for "Nonsignificant" Discharges to the Chesapeake Bay Watershed

Part I.B. of the permit contains additional chlorine monitoring requirements, quantification levels and compliance reporting instructions.

These additional chlorine requirements are necessary per the Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations at 9VAC25-790 and by the Water Quality Standards at 9VAC25-260-170. A minimum chlorine residual must be maintained at the exit of the chlorine contact tank to assure adequate disinfection. No more that 10% of the monthly test results for TRC at the exit of the chlorine contact tank shall be <1.0 mg/L with any TRC <0.6 mg/L considered a system failure. Monitoring at numerous STPs has concluded that a TRC residual of 1.0 mg/L is an adequate indicator of compliance with the *E. coli* criteria. *E. coli* limits are defined in this section as well as monitoring requirements to take effect should an alternate means of disinfection be used.

9VAC25-31-190.L.4.c. requires an arithmetic mean for measurement averaging and 9VAC25-31-220.D requires limits be imposed where a discharge has a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an in-stream excursion of water quality criteria. Specific analytical methodologies for toxics are listed in this permit section as well as quantification levels (QLs) necessary to demonstrate compliance with applicable permit limitations or for use in future evaluations to determine if the pollutant has reasonable potential to cause or contribute to a violation. Required averaging methodologies are also specified.

21. Other Special Conditions:

- a. **95% Capacity Reopener.** The VPDES Permit Regulation at 9VAC25-31-200.B.4 requires all POTWs and PVOTWs develop and submit a plan of action to DEQ when the monthly average influent flow to their sewage treatment plant reaches 95% or more of the design capacity authorized in the permit for each month of any three consecutive month period. This facility is a POTW.
- b. **O&M Manual Requirement.** Required by Code of Virginia §62.1-44.19; Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations, 9VAC25-790; VPDES Permit Regulation, 9VAC25-31-190.E. The permittee shall maintain a current Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Manual. The permittee shall operate the treatment works in accordance with the O&M Manual and shall make the O&M Manual available to Department personnel for review upon request. Any changes in the practices and procedures followed by the permittee shall be documented in the O&M Manual within 90 days of the effective date of the changes. Non-compliance with the O&M Manual shall be deemed a violation of the permit.
- c. **CTC, CTO Requirement.** The Code of Virginia § 62.1-44.19; Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations, 9VAC25-790 requires that all treatment works treating wastewater obtain a Certificate to Construct prior to commencing construction and to obtain a Certificate to Operate prior to commencing operation of the treatment works.
- d. **Licensed Operator Requirement.** The Code of Virginia at §54.1-2300 et seq. and the VPDES Permit Regulation at 9VAC25-31-200 C, and by the Board for Waterworks and Wastewater Works Operators and Onsite Sewage System Professionals Regulations (18VAC160-20-10 et seq.) requires licensure of operators. This facility requires a Class IV operator.
- e. **Reliability Class.** The Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations at 9VAC25-790 require sewage treatment works to achieve a certain level of reliability in order to protect water quality and public health consequences in the event of component or system failure. Reliability means a measure of the ability of the treatment works to perform its designated function without failure or interruption of service. The facility is required to meet a reliability Class of II.
- f. **Sludge Reopener.** The VPDES Permit Regulation at 9VAC25-31-220.C requires all permits issued to treatment works treating domestic sewage (including sludge-only facilities) include a reopener clause allowing incorporation of any applicable standard for sewage sludge use or disposal promulgated under Section 405(d) of the CWA. The facility includes a sewage treatment works.
- g. **Sludge Use and Disposal.** The VPDES Permit Regulation at 9VAC25-31-100.P; 220.B.2, and 420 through 720, and 40 CFR Part 503 require all treatment works treating domestic sewage to submit information on their sludge use and disposal practices and to meet specified standards for sludge use and disposal. The facility includes a treatment works treating domestic sewage.
- h. **Water Quality Criteria Reopener.** The VPDES Permit Regulation at 9VAC25-31-220 D. requires establishment of effluent limitations to ensure attainment/maintenance of receiving stream water quality criteria. Should effluent monitoring indicate the need for any water quality-based limitations, this permit may be modified or alternatively revoked and reissued to incorporate appropriate limitations.
- i. TMDL Reopener. This special condition is to allow the permit to be reopened if necessary to bring it in compliance with any

applicable TMDL that may be developed and approved for the receiving stream.

22. Permit Section Part II.

Required by VPDES Regulation 9VAC25-31-190, Part II of the permit contains standard conditions that appear in all VPDES Permits. In general, these standard conditions address the responsibilities of the permittee, reporting requirements, testing procedures and records retention.

23. Changes to the Permit from the Previously Issued Permit:

a. Special Conditions:

The following special condition was removed from this permit reissuance:

- 1) Treatment Works Closure Plan this facility serves only the elementary school so this special condition is not applicable.
- b. Monitoring and Effluent Limitations:
 - 1) Monitoring for TN, TP, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, and Nitrate+Nitrite has been added to the permit in accordance with Guidance Memo No. 14-2011 –Nutrient Monitoring for "Nonsignificant" Discharges to the Chesapeake Bay Watershed.

24. Variances/Alternate Limits or Conditions:

This permit contains no variances/alternate limits or conditions.

25. Public Notice Information:

First Public Notice Date:

Second Public Notice Date:

Public Notice Information is required by 9VAC25-31-280 B. All pertinent information is on file and may be inspected, and copied by contacting the: DEQ Northern Regional Office, 13901 Crown Court, Woodbridge, VA 22193, Telephone No. (703) 583-3925, joan.crowther@deq.virginia.gov. See Attachment 9 for a copy of the public notice document.

Persons may comment in writing or by email to the DEQ on the proposed permit action, and may request a public hearing, during the comment period. Comments shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the writer and of all persons represented by the commenter/requester, and shall contain a complete, concise statement of the factual basis for comments. Only those comments received within this period will be considered. The DEQ may decide to hold a public hearing, including another comment period, if public response is significant and there are substantial, disputed issues relevant to the permit. Requests for public hearings shall state 1) the reason why a hearing is requested; 2) a brief, informal statement regarding the nature and extent of the interest of the requester or of those represented by the requester, including how and to what extent such interest would be directly and adversely affected by the permit; and 3) specific references, where possible, to terms and conditions of the permit with suggested revisions. Following the comment period, the Board will make a determination regarding the proposed permit action. This determination will become effective, unless the DEQ grants a public hearing. Due notice of any public hearing will be given. The public may request an electronic copy of the draft permit and fact sheet or review the draft permit and application at the DEQ Northern Regional Office by appointment.

26. Additional Comments:

Previous Board Action(s): None.

Staff Comments: None.

Public Comment: State "No comments were received during the public notice." or "Comments received during the public notice are provided in the attached Response to Comments." Include significant VDH, DGIF, DCR and EPA comments in the Response to Comments.

Lightfoot Elementary School Wastewater Treatment Plant Fact Sheet Attachments

Attachment	Description
1	Flow Frequency Memo dated August 24, 1998
2	Site Inspection Report conducted on April 14, 2009, by Terry Nelson, DEQ-NRO Water
3	Planning Statement for Rappahannock Elementary School WWTP, dated October 22, 2014
4	Freshwater Water Quality Criteria/ Wasteload Allocated Analysis
5	Effluent pH and Temperature data August 2010 through August 2014
6	1999 Ammonia Permit Limitation Calculations
7	2014 Ammonia Effluent Calculation
8	Total Chlorine Residual Calculation
9	Public Notice

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY - WATER DIVISION
Water Quality Assessments and Planning
629 E. Main Street P.O. Box 10009 Richmond, Virginia 23240

SUBJECT: Flow Frequency Determination

Lightfoot Elementary School STP - VA#0062961

TO: James A. Olson, NRO

FROM: Paul E. Herman, P.E., WQAP

DATE: August 24, 1998

COPIES: Ron Gregory, Charles Martin, File

This memo supercedes my September 30, 1993 memo to Joa Crowther concerning the subject VPDES permit.

The Lightfoot Elementary School STP discharges to an unnamed tributary to Riga Run near Unionville, VA. Stream flow frequencies are required at this site for use by the permit writer in developing effluent limitations for the VPDES permit.

The discharge enters a dry ditch and travels about 500 feet to the unnamed tributary (UT). The UT appears as a perennial stream on the USGS Lahore Quadrangle topographic map. The flow frequencies for a dry ditch are 0.0 cfs for the 1Q10, 7Q10, 30Q5, high flow 1Q10, high floq 7Q10, and harmonic mean. The flow frequencies for the UT at a point just above its confluence with the dry ditch have been determined for your use in modeling the discharge.

The USGS and VDEQ operated a continuous record gage on the Bunch Creek near Boswells Tavern, VA (#01671500) from 1948 to 1979. The gage was located at the U.S. Route 15 bridge in Louisa County, VA. The flow frequencies for the gage and the discharge point are presented below. The values at the discharge point were determined by drainage area proportions and do not address any withdrawals, discharges, or springs lying upstream.

Bunch Creek near Boswells Tavern, VA (#01671500):

UT to Riga Run above Lightfoot ditch:

The high flow months are December through May. If you have any questions concerning this analysis, please let me know.

FLOW CONVERSIONS

 $CFS \times 0.6463 = MGD$

HIGH FLOW 1Q10 EQUALS 0.08 x 0.6463 = 0.051704 MGD

HIGH FLOW 7Q10 EQUALS $0.10 \times 0.6463 = 0.06463$ MGD



DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

NORTHERN REGIONAL OFFICE 13901 Crown Court, Woodbridge, Virginia 22193 (703) 583-3800 Fax (703) 583-3821 www.deq.virginia.gov

David K. Paylor Director

Thomas A. Faha Regional Director

April 29, 2009

Mr. Larry Massie Acting Superintendent Orange County Public Schools 437 Waugh Boulevard Orange, VA 22960

Re: Lightfoot Elementary School STP Inspection - VA0062961

Dear Mr. Massie:

Preston Bryant

Secretary of Natural Resources

Attached is a copy of the site inspection report and laboratory report generated while conducting a Facility Technical Inspection at the Lightfoot Elementary - School Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) on April 14, 2009. The compliance staff would like to thank Mr. Tim Jenkins for his time and assistance during the inspection.

If you have any questions or comments concerning this report, please feel free to contact me at the Northern Regional Office at (703) 583-3833 or by E-mail at twnelson@deq.virginia.gov.

Sincerely,

Terry Nelson

Environmental Specialist II

Terry Nelson

cc:

Permit/DMR File OWCP - SGStell

Electronic Copy: Compliance Manager; Compliance Auditor

Electronic Copy: Mr. Tim Jenkins - Dabney & Crooks

DEQ WASTEWATER FACILITY INSPECTION REPORT PREFACE

			P	REFAC	<u> </u>			
VPDES/State Certific	ation No.	(RE) Issua	nce Dat	e e	Amendment Date Expira			e
VA006296	1	01/19	/2004				01/18/2009	
Facil	ity Name				Address		Telephone Number	
Lightfoot Ele	ementary Scho	ool	11360 Zachary Taylor Highway Unionville, VA 22567			У	(540) 661-45	20
Owr	er Name		Address				Telephone Num	nber
Orange Coun	ty Public Scho	ols			Waugh Boulevard ange, VA 22960		(540) 661-45	50
	sible Official				Title		Telephone Nun	nber
	nrry Massie		-	Actin	g Superintendent		(540) 661-45	50
	sible Operator			Operato	or Cert. Class/number		Telephone Nun	nber
	las Crooks			Class	s I / 1909000367		(540) 373-03	380
			TYPE C)F FACI	LITY:			
	DOMESTIC					INDUSTRI	AL	
Federal		Major			Major		Primary	
Non-federal	х	Minor		Х	Minor		Secondary	
INFL	UENT CHARACT	ERISTICS:			DESIGN:			
		Flow			4,000 gal/day			
		Population Se	rved		Variable			
		Connections S	erved		One school			
		BOD ₅			No data			
		TSS			No data			
	EFFLUE	NT LIMITS: U	Inits in	mg/L	unless otherwise spe	ecified.		
Parameter	Min.	Avg.	М	ax.	Parameter	Min.	Avg.	Max.
Flow (MGD)		0.004	ı	NL	BOD ₅		24	36
рН (S.U.)	6.0		g	9.0	Total Contact Cl	1.0		
TSS		24	;	36	Inst Tech Min Cl	0.6		
DO	5.0				Inst Res Max Cl		0.008	0.010
NH ₃		7.8		7.8				
		Receiving Stream			UT to Riga Run			
		Basin			Rappahannock River			
		Discharge Poir	nt (LAT)	l	38° 14 30		1	
		Discharge Point	t (LONG)	77° 57' 15" W			

<u>Virginia Department of Environmental Quality</u> <u>Northern Regional Office</u>

FOCUSED CEI TECH/LAB INSPECTION REPORT

INSPECTION DATE:

April 14, 2009

FACILITY NAME: Lightfoot Elementary School			INSPECTION BATTER APPROPRIE					
FACILITY NA	ME: Lightfoot Eler	mentary School	INSPECTOR Terry Nelson					
PERMIT No.:	VA006296	1	REPORT DATE:		24, 2009			
TYPE OF	✓ Municipa	☐ Major	TIME OF INSPECTION:	val 1 30	Departure 0920			
FACILITY:	☐ Industrial	✓ Minor	TOTAL TIME SPENT	4 hou		0320		
·	☐ Federal	☐ Small Minor	(including prep &	. ,,,,				
	□ HP □ LP		travel)					
PHOTOGRAP	E-parties	□ No	UNANNOUNCED		☐ Yes	☑ No		
111010014		Name 140	INSPECTION?					
REVIEWED E	BY / Date:							
PRESENT DU	RING INSPECT	ION: Tim Jenkir	ns, Dabney & Crooks					
			. INSPECTION					
1. Has there	been any new co	nstruction?	annroved?		☐ Yes	☑ No		
Comme	ants:	and specifications						
2 Is the Op	erations and Maint	tenance Manual app	roved and up-to-date?		☐ Yes	☑ No		
Comm	ents: Outdated	nermit in Appendix	, DEO phone numbers are no	ot				
consist	ent (703-583-380)	() is recommended	outdated Chain of Custody T	or				
Patton	, Harris, and Rust,	some test methods	listed are no longer approve	eu	□ V	- I No		
3. Are the P	ermit and/or Oper	ation and Maintenai	nce Manual specified licensed		☑ Yes	□ No		
operator Comm	being met?							
4 Are the P	ermit and/or Oper	ation and Maintena	nce Manual specified operato	r	☑ Yes	□ No		
staffing re	equirements being	g met?						
Comm	ents:		for tweining normannol2			NI.		
		i adequate program	for training personnel?		☑ Yes	□ No		
Comm	ents: entive maintenance	e task schedules be	ing met?		☑ Yes	□ No		
Comm	ents:							
7. Does the	plant experience	any organic or hydr	aulic overloading?		☐ Yes	⊠ No		
Comments:								
		ssing or overflows si	nce the last inspection?		☐ Yes	s ☑ No		
Comm	nents:	ncluding nower tran	sfer switch) operational and		☐ Yes	. □ No		
9. Is the sta	andby generator (i i regularly?	including power train	orei stricery operational and) E		
Comm		olicable						
10. Is the pla	ant alarm system	operational and test	ed regularly?		☑ Yes	s \square No		
Comm	nents:	-						

<u>Virginia Department of Environmental Quality</u> <u>Northern Regional Office</u>

FOCUSED CEI TECH/LAB INSPECTION REPORT

FACILITY NAME: Lightfoot Elementary School

Comments:

INSPECTION DATE:

April 14, 2009

FACILITY NA	ME: Lightroot Elei	mentary school	INSPECTOR	Terry I	Velson	
PERMIT No.:	VA006296	1	REPORT DATE:	April 2	4, 2009	
TYPE OF FACILITY:	✓ Municipal	□ Major	TIME OF INSPECTION:	Arriv 083	•	Departure 0920
PACILITI.	☐ Industrial ☐ Federal ☐ HP ☐ LP	Minor □ Small Minor	TOTAL TIME SPENT (including prep & travel)	4 hour	rs .	
PHOTOGRAP	HS: ▼Yes	□ No	UNANNOUNCED INSPECTION?		□ Yes	™ No
REVIEWED B	Y / Date:	tat 4/20/09				
PRESENT DU	RING INSPECT	ION: Tim Jenkir	ns, Dabney & Crooks			
l .	been any new co	nstruction?	INSPECTION		□ Yes	™ No
Comme		and specifications a	abbioseas			
Comme	ents: Outdated ent (703-583-380	permit in Appendix, 0 is recommended),	roved and up-to-date? , DEQ phone numbers are no outdated Chain of Custody for listed are no longer approve	or	□ Yes	№ No
3. Are the Po	ermit and/or Oper peing met?	ation and Maintenar	nce Manual specified licensed		☑ Yes	∏ No
4. Are the Postaffing re	ermit and/or Oper equirements being ents:	met?	nce Manual specified operator	r	☑ Yes	□ No
5. Is there a	n established and ents:		for training personnel?		✓ Yes	□ No
Comme	ents:	e task schedules bei			▼ Yes	□ No
Commo	ents:	any organic or hydra			□ Yes	₩ No
Comm	ents:		nce the last inspection?		□ Yes	₩ No
9. Is the sta	ndby generator (i regularly?		sfer switch) operational and		□ Yes	□ No
		perational and teste	ed regularly?		V Yes	□ No

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Permit #	AVUINGADT
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TECHNICAL INSPECTION

		\
11. Is sludge disposed of in accordance with the approved sludge management plan?	☑ Yes	□ No
Comments: Wheeler Septic hauls sludge to Massaponax WWTF	☐ Yes	☑ No
12. Is septage received?If so, is septage loading controlled, and are appropriate records	1 142	1 TU
	l	
maintained?		
Comments: 13. Are all plant records (operational logs, equipment maintenance, industrial waste	☑ Yes	□ No
contributors, sampling and testing) available for review and are records		
adequate?		
Comments:		
14. Which of the following records does the plant maintain?		
✓ Operational logs ✓ Instrument maintenance & calibration		
☑ Mechanical equipment maintenance ☐ Industrial Waste Contribution (Municipal facili)	ities)	
Comments:		
15. What does the operational log contain?	allege and the	
✓ Visual observations ✓ Flow Measurement ✓ Laboratory results ✓ Process adjust	stments	
Control calculations Other (specify)		
Comments:		
16. What do the mechanical equipment records contain?		
🗖 As built plans and specs 🛮 🗹 Manufacturers instructions 🔻 Lubrication schedules		
☐ Spare parts inventory ☐ Equipment/parts suppliers		
Other (specify)		
Comments:		
17. What do the industrial waste contribution records contain (Municipal only)?		
☐ Waste characteristics ☐ Impact on plant ☐ Locations and discharge types		
Other (specify)		
Comments: Not applicable		
18. Which of the following records are kept at the plant and available to personnel?		
Equipment maintenance records Operational log Industrial contributor records		
☑ Instrumentation records ☑ Sampling and testing records		
Comments:		
19. List records not normally available to plant personnel and their location:		
Comments: Major maintenance records stored at Orange County Sch	hools	
superintendent office.		
20. Are the records maintained for the required time period (three or five years)?	✓ Yes	□ No
Comments:		

VA0062961 Permit #

UNIT PROCESS EVALUATION SUMMARY SHEET

	APPLICABLE	PROBLEMS*	COMMENTS
UNIT PROCESS	APPLICABLE	PRODLETIO	
Sewage Pumping			
Flow Measurement (Influent)			
Screening/Comminution			
Grit Removal			
Flow Equalization	X		
Primary Sedimentation			
Septic Tank and Sand Filter	X		
Activated Sludge Aeration	Х		
Secondary Sedimentation	X		
Flocculation			
Tertiary Sedimentation			
Filtration			
Chlorination	X		
Dechlorination	X		
Post Aeration	X		
Flow Measurement (Effluent)	X		
Plant Outfall	X		
Sludge Pumping			
Aerobic Digestion			
		L	

- Problem Codes
- 1. Unit Needs Attention
- 2. Abnormal Influent/Effluent
- 3. Evidence of Equipment Failure

- 4. Unapproved Modification or Temporary Repair5. Evidence of Process Upset
- 6. Other (explain in comments)

INSPECTION OVERVIEW AND CONDITION OF TREATMENT UNITS

- Operators are at the facility approximately 30 minutes per visit. The plant is not manned when school
 is not in session or no discharge is anticipated.
- Orange County schools were not in session during the inspection.
- A grease trap and septic tank precede the treatment system. Orange County Schools maintains the grease trap and septic tank. The septic tank was pumped out in July 2008.
- The secondary treatment system is a package plant that contains a sludge holding tank, aeration basins, and clarifier.
- An animal has created a burrow adjacent to the package plant outfall pipe or the ground has eroded at this location. The hole should be filled, and if caused by an animal; the animal removed.
- The log book is stored in the laboratory building. The log book included entries for minor maintenance performed on the system.
- The laboratory building has equipment, chemical pumps, and chemical tanks that are no longer used.
- Mr. Jenkins cycled all the blowers during the inspection. No problems were noted for the blowers.
- The aeration basin color was an unusual shade of brown that stabilized as the recycle pumps ran. Without school in session, negligible influent flow had been received since last Friday according to Mr. Jenkins.
- From the clarifier, the effluent pipe goes down hill, turns right, and enters the disinfection and post aeration systems.
- Where the pipe turns, there is a manhole with an open grate top. Leaves and debris have fallen through the grate. A high water flow, including overland sheetflow, could flush this debris into the disinfection system.
- Tablet feeders are used for chlorine and sodium bisulfite.
- Post aeration is provided using a blower.
- Appreciable foam was collecting in the post aeration chamber.
- No foam appeared to be exiting the plant.
- Mr. Jenkins said the foam was a combination of no discharge and the extended treatment time when no flow enters the treatment system.
- From the plant, the effluent flows to a drainage ditch along Route 522.



1) Hole observed by package plant outlet pipe.

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LABORATORY INSPECTION

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PRESENT DURING INSPECTION:	Tim Jenkins	, Dabney & Crooks	

1.	Do lab records include sampling date/time, analysis date/time, sample location, test results, analyst's initials, instrument calibration and maintenance, and Certificate of	t method, Analysis?	test
	✓ Sampling Date/Time ✓ Analysis Date/Time ☐ Sample Location ✓ Test Method	▼ Test Res	ults
	✓ Analyst's Initials ✓ Instrument Calibration & Maintenance		
	☐ Chain of Custody ☐ Certificate of Analysis		
2.	Are Discharge Monitoring Reports complete and correct?	☑ Yes	□ No
	Month(s) reviewed: December 2008 to February 2009		
3.	Are sample location(s) according to permit requirements (after all treatment	✓ Yes	□ No
	unless otherwise specified)?	₩ Vo-	□ No
4.	Are sample collection, preservation, and holding times appropriate; and is sampling equipment adequate?	☑ Yes	
5.	Are grab and composite samples representative of the flow and the nature of the monitored activity?	✓ Yes	□ No
6.	If analysis is performed at another location, are shipping procedures	☑ Yes	□ No
	adequate? List parameters and name & address of contract lab(s):		
	Dahney & Crooks, Fredericksburg, VA: BOD and TSS		
<u> </u>	Patton, Harris, and Rust, Fredericksburg, VA: Nitrogen Is Laboratory equipment in proper operating range?	☑ Yes	□ No
7.		✓ Yes	□ No
8.	Are annual thermometer calibration(s) adequate?		
9.	Is the laboratory grade water supply adequate? Not applicable	☐ Yes	□ No
ll .	. Are analytical balance(s) adequate? Not applicable	☐ Yes	□ No
$ \overline{11} $. Parameters evaluated during this inspection (attach checklists):		
	□ pH 		
	☐ Temperature		
	☐ Total Residual Chlorine		
	☐ Dissolved Oxygen		
	☐ Biochemical Oxygen Demand		
	☐ Total Suspended Solids		
	☐ Ammonia		
	☐ TKN		
	☐ Nitrate + Nitrite		
	☐ Othophosphate		
	☐ Bacteriological ☐ Fecal Coliform ☐ E. Coli ☐ Enterococo	ci	

Comments:

- The pH buffers, DPD pillows, and Hach Spec Check Standards are kept at the Lightfoot Elementary
- Meter calibration is normally done at Lightfoot Elementary School, but operators can take the supplies to another school if the first plant visit is not Lightfoot Elementary.
- Operator logs show proper calibration procedures are followed. Since the facility was not discharging, the operator did not perform meter calibration.
- DEQ staff did check the meter condition and lab supplies.
- The membrane and the probe for the DO meter were in good condition. The DO meter thermistor had been verified against a NIST thermometer on 09/08/08 and read 0.1 degree C low.
- The lot number for the DPD pillows was A8212 with an expiration date of July 2013.
- The Hach Spec Checks were lot A7332 and expire November 2009.
- The vials for the Hach Pocket Colorimeter II did not appear scratched, but did need cleaned.
- The pH 4 buffer expires in July 2010, the pH 7 buffer expires in December 2010, and the pH 10 buffer expires in July 2010. All three buffers were clear with no debris in the bottles.
- Mr. Jenkins had just obtained the pH meter and had not had the thermistor verified against a NIST thermometer. The verification was completed 04/15/09.

Permit #	VA0062961

		EFFLUENT	LIELD D	AIA	<u> </u>			
Flo	w NA MGD	Dissolved Oxygen	NA m	g/L	Tank)	Contact	NA	mg/L
рН	NA S.U.	Temperature	NA °(С	TRC (NA	mg/L
	s a Sampling Inspection	n ☐ Yes (se	e Sampling Ir	spec	tion Repo	ort) 🗹 No		
COII		N OF OUTFALL AN	D EFFLUE	NT (CHARA	CTERISTICS	:	
1.	Type of outfall: Shore ba		Diffuser?			No		
2.	Are the outfall and suppo	rting structures in goo	d condition?	, □`	res	□ No		
2	Final Effluent (evidence o	of following problems)	☐ Sludge b	ar		Grease		
3.	☐ Turbid effluent	☐ Visible foam	Unusual	color		Oil sheen		
4.	Is there a visible effluent	plume in the receivin	g stream?		Yes	□ No		
5.	Receiving stream: Comments: No discha	observed problems orge during inspecti		n of p	oroblems	(explain below)		
<u>L</u>								

R	EQ	l	JΙ	R	E[C	0	R	R	RE	C	T]	I۱	/E	Α	C	T	I	JI	٧	S	:

None

NOTES and COMMENTS:

- 1. Debris and leaves should be removed from the manhole with an open grate.
- 2. Orange County Schools should consider using a solid manhole cover instead of an open
- grate cover for this manhole.

 3. The hole/burrow near the package plant exit pipe should be filled and steps taken to prevent another hole from appearing.

To:

Joan Crowther

From:

Jennifer Carlson

Date:

October 22, 2014

Subject:

Planning Statement for Lightfoot Elementary School WWTP

Permit Number:

VA0062961

Information for Outfall 001:

Discharge Type: Municipal, Minor Discharge Flow: 0.004 MGD Receiving Stream: Riga Run, UT

Latitude / Longitude: 38° 14′ 51" 77° 57′ 12"

Rivermile: 0.17 Streamcode: 8-XDI Waterbody: VAN-F07

Water Quality Standards: York River, Section 3, Stream Class III, Special Standards None

Drainage Area: 0.74 sq.mi.

Please provide water quality monitoring information for the receiving stream segment. If there is not
monitoring information for the receiving stream segment, please provide information on the nearest
downstream monitoring station, including how far downstream the monitoring station is from the outfall.

This facility discharges into an unnamed tributary to Riga Run. This unnamed tributary has not been monitored or assessed by DEQ. There is a DEQ monitoring station (8-RIG004.52) located on Riga Run, approximately 1.1 miles downstream of Outfall 001 at the Route 650 bridge crossing. However, the majority of the samples were collected at this station in the 1999-2000 timeframe, with the last station visit in 2006. The water quality summary for Riga Run is presented at the end of this section. The nearest downstream DEQ ambient monitoring station with recent data is 8-TRY004.98 on Terrys Run, located at the Route 629 bridge crossing, approximately 6.1 miles downstream of Outfall 001. The following is the water quality summary for this segment of Terrys Run, as taken from the 2012 integrated Report:

Class III, Section 3.

DEQ monitoring station located in this segment of Terrys Run:

Ambient monitoring station 8-TRY004.98, at Route 629.

The fish consumption use is categorized as impaired due to a Virginia Department of Health, Division of Health Hazards Control, PCB fish consumption advisory. Additionally, excursions above the fish tissue value (TV) of 300 parts per billion (ppb) for mercury (Hg) in fish tissue were recorded in tissue from one species (bluegill sunfish) of fish sampled in 2006 (two total excursions) at monitoring station 8-TRY004.98, noted by an observed effect.

There was no new E. coli monitoring for the 2012 assessment. The bacteria impairment listed in the 2010 assessment will be carried forward. A bacteria TMDL for the Terrys Run watershed has been completed and approved. The aquatic life and wildlife uses are considered fully supporting.

The following is the water quality summary for Riga Run, as taken from the 2012 Integrated Report:

Class III, Section 3.

DEQ monitoring stations located in this segment of Riga Run:

- Ambient monitoring station 8-RIG004.52, at Route 650
- Freshwater probabilistic monitoring station 8-RIG003.01, 1.5 rivermiles downstream of Route 650.

The aquatic life, wildlife, and fish consumption uses are considered fully supporting. The recreation use was not assessed.

2. Does this facility discharge to a stream segment on the 303(d) list? If yes, please fill out Table A.

No.

3. Are there any downstream 303(d) listed impairments that are relevant to this discharge? If yes, please fill out Table B.

Yes.

Table B. Information on Downstream 303(d) Impairments and TMDLs

Waterbody Name	Impaired Use	Cause	Distance From Outfall	TMDL completed	WLA	Basis for WLA	TMDL Schedule
Impairment	Information in th	e 2012 Integrate	ed Report				
Terrys Run	Recreation	E. coli	5.8 miles	York River Basin (Lake Anna Tribs) Bacteria 11/04/05	6.98E+09 cfu/year <i>E. coli</i>	126 cfu/100ml <i>E. coli</i> 0.004 MGD	N/A
	Fish Consumption	PCBs		N/A		*****	2018

4. Is there monitoring or other conditions that Planning/Assessment needs in the permit?

In support for the PCB impairment listed for Terrys Run and downstream in Lake Anna, this facility is a candidate for low-level PCB monitoring, based upon its designation as a minor municipal facility. Low-level PCB analysis uses EPA Method 1668, which is capable of detecting low-level concentrations for all 209 PCB congeners. DEQ staff has concluded that low-level PCB monitoring is not warranted for this facility, as it is a small wastewater treatment facility (<0.1 MGD) and is not expected to be a source of PCBs. Based upon this information, this facility will not be requested to monitor for low-level PCBs.

There is a completed downstream TMDL for the aquatic life use impairment for the Chesapeake Bay. However, the Bay TMDL and the WLAs contained within the TMDL are not addressed in this planning statement.

5. Fact Sheet Requirements – Please provide information regarding any drinking water intakes located within a 5 mile radius of the discharge point.

There are no public water supply intakes located within 5 miles of this discharge.

FRESHWATER WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00)

Lightfoot Elementary School Wastewater Treatment PlanPermit No.: VA0062961 Facility Name:

Receiving Stream:

Riga Run, UT

55 mg/l	21 dea C	Oper	US 8.7	ns:	0.004 MGD				
Effluent Information	Mean Hardness (as CaCCs) -	90% Temp (Annual) =	90% Medianian all -	- Ld IIInuixaw %06	10% Maximum pn -				
Mixing Information					- 30Q10 Mix = 100 %				
	0 MGD	0 MGD	0 MGD	0 MGD	O MGD	0 MGD	0 MGD		
Stream Flows	1Q10 (Annual) =	7Q10 (Annual) =	30Q10 (Annual) =	1Q10 (Wet season) =	30Q10 (Wet season)	3005 =	Harmonic Mean =		
	mg/L	O deb	O geb	ns	ns	•	L	-	Å.
Stream Information	Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	90% Temperature (Annual) =	90% Temperature (Wet season) =	90% Maximum pH =	10% Maximum pH =	Tier Designation (1 or 2) =	Public Water Supply (PWS) Y/N? =	Trout Present Y/N? =	Early Life Stages Present Y/N? =

											in the same of the same	oniond on		A	Antidegradation Allocations	Allocations			MOST LIMITIE	Most Limiting Allocations	
Parameter	Background		Water Quality Criteria	lity Criteria	_		Wasteload	Wasteload Allocations			Antidegradation baseline	on baseline						40.40	Chronic	(SMd) HH	Ŧ
(betou selum l/om)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ħ	Acute	Chronic HH	HH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	王	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Acute	Curome	(2447)	1
(ug/i unless noted)	0	:		na	ة ا	'] -	na	9.9E+02	.	-	,	,	1	1	ı	1	:	;	ē	9.9E+02
2000				;				ç	00100	1	ł	1	;	ı	ı	ţ	1	:	ı	ВП	9.35+00
Acrolein	5	ı	:	<u> </u>	9.5E+00	1	:	<u> </u>	9.5	ļ					٠	1	ŀ	;	:	na	2.5E+00
Acrylonitrile ^c	0	;	ı	na	2.5E+00	1	ı	ВП	2.5E+00	:		ı		ŀ				0071106	1	8	5.0E-04
Aldrin ^c	0	3.0E+00	ı	na	5.0E-04	3.0E+00	ı	na	5.0E-04	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	3.05+00	:	•	
Ammonia-N (mg/l)														!	:	:	ı	1.21E+01	2.10E+00	E L	:
(Yearly)	0	1.21E+01	2.10E+00	БП	ı	1.21E+01	1.21E+01 2.10E+00	a	1	ł	:	:	1	1	}						
Ammonia-N (mg/l)	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100					1								;	:	i	;	1.21E+01	3.18E+00	na	;
High Flow)	0	1.21E+01	3.18E+00	na	ı	1.21E+01	1.21E+01 3.18E+00	па	1	:	ı	:	ı					;	:	ā	4.0E+04
Anthracene	0	ı	1	na	4.0E+04	!	ı	na	4.0E+04	ı	:	1	:	ı	1	ł				q	6.4E+02
Antimony	0	,	:	na	6.4E+02	ì	1	na	6.4E+02	ı	ı	1	ı	1	l	1	!			: :	
Arsenic	0	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	па	1	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	a	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1	ŀ	3.4E+02	1.95702	E ;	1
Barium	0	1	ı	па	i	!	;	na	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	i	:	<u> </u>	
Benzene ^c	0	ı	ı	Б	5.1E+02	!	ı	na	5.1E+02	1	ı	ı	ı	t	:	ı	:		:	e E	5.1E+02
Benzidine ^C	0	1	;	na	2.0E-03	1	ı	Б	2.0E-03	1	1	ı	ı	ı	I	:	ı	:	ı	Ē	D-10.7
Benzo (a) anthracene ^c	0	;	ı	na	1.8E-01	!	ı	na	1.8E-01	ı	ı	ŧ	ŀ	1	ı	ı	1	:	:	e E	1.8E-0
Benzo (b) fluoranthene ^c	C	!	ı	п	1.8E-01		ı	ā	1.8E-01	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	:	:	ē	1.8E-01
Benzo (k) fluoranthene ^c		ı	ŀ	па	1.8E-01		ŀ	ā	1.8E-01	ı	ŀ	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	:	:	E E	1.8E-01
O 000000 (a) 02000			1		1 AF-01			, c	1 8F-01	:	:	,	1	:	;	ı	ı	;	:	na	1.8E-01
serizo (a) pyrerie		1	ł	2	יים קיים קיים קיים		ļ	3			1	١	1	1	1	,	1	:	:	na	5.3E+00
Bis2-Chloroethyl Ether	0	1	ŀ	e e	5.3E+00	!	;	œ.	5.3E+00	!	ı				1	1	:		:	na	6.5E+04
Bis2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	0	ı	ı	па	6.5E+04	1	ı	e B	6.5E+04	1	ı	ı	ı	ŀ	}			-	٠	na na	2.2E+01
Bis 2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate	0	ı	١	ВП	2.2E+01	1	ı	na	2.2E+01	!	1	:	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1			1 4F+03
Bromoform ^c	6	1	:	na	1.4E+03	1	:	ВП	1.4E+03	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	:	1	:	:	= :	1 95103
Butylbenzylphthalate	0	ŀ	ı	na	1.9E+03	1	1	na	1.9E+03	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	: ;	: 1	<u> </u>	
Cadmium	0	1.8E+00	6.6E-01	na	ı	1.8E+00	6.6E-01	na	•	ı	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	i	1.8E+00	0-10-1	<u> </u>	, ii
Carbon Tetrachloride ^c	0	ı	1	Б	1.6E+01	1	1	na	1.6E+01	1	ı	1	1	1	1	ı	1	:	:	Ē	ויספין
Chlordane ^c	0	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	Б	8.1E-03	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	a B	8.1E-03	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	E .	8.1E-03
Chloride	0	8.6E+05		na	:	8.6E+05		ā	:	1	1	ı	1	1	t	ı	1	8.6E+05	2.3E+05	Ē	ŀ
2000	¢	1 9F+01		ē	1	1 9F+01		č	1	ŀ	1	;	;	1	ı	1	:	1.9E+01	1.15+01	e C	1
אַכ	,		1	1				1	. To		,	١	ı	1	ı	•	ı	ı	:	na	1.6E+03
Chlorobenzene	0	ı	•	g	1.6E+03	-	1	g	1.6E+03	:	ا:	;				-					

Most Limiting Allocations

Antidegradation Allocations

Antidegradation Baseline

Wasteload Allocations

Water Quality Criteria

Background

Parameter

					-						And the same of the same	Described		ADIIC	Antidedradation Allocations	2					
Parameter	Background		Water Quality Criteria	ity Criteria			Wasteload Allocations	ocations	\dagger	- 1	Antidegradation baseline		3	Acute C	Chronic HH (PWS)	(PWS)	Ŧ	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ŧ
(ng/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	HH (PWS)	王	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	_	4	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)		+	7	215			1		na	2.1E+03
Ethylbenzene	0	ı	ı	па	2.1E+03	1	1	na	2.1E+03	:		1	1	ı	ı	!	1		,	Ē	1.4E+02
Fluoranthene	0	ı	ı	na	1.4E+02	ı	ł	en .	1.4E+02	ì	1	ı	1	:	1	ı	 !	1		2	5.3E+03
Fluorene	0	:	ı	na	5.3E+03	ł	ı	na	5.3E+03	ŀ	1	1	ı	:	Ļ	ı	ı	ı	;	2	;
Foaming Agents	0	ı	ı	na	ı	ŧ	ŀ	na	1	ı	ı	ı		1	I	1	ı	1	4 OF 02		,
Guthion	0	I,	1.0E-02	na	;	ı	1.0E-02	na	:	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1		20 10 2		7.9E-04
Heptachlor ^c	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	па	7.9E-04	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	7.9E-04	1	1	1	1	;	ı	ı	1	0.25.0	20.00	: 8	3 9F.04
Heptachlor Epoxide ^c	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	3.9E-04	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	3.9E-04	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	i ,	l	9.ZE-01	3.05	<u> </u>	2.9E-03
Hexachlorobenzene	0	1	1	па	2.9E-03	;	:	na	2.9E-03	ı	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	ı	ı	:	<u> </u>	1 8F+02
Hexachlorobutadiene ^C			ı	E	1.8E+02	ı	;	na	1.8E+02	1	ı	ı	;	ı	ı	1.	ı		:	E C	1.05404
Hexachlorocyclohexane				!		_													;	9	4.9E-02
Alpha-BHC ^c	0	ı	1	na	4.9E-02	ı	ı	na	4.9E-02	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	:	:	<u>!</u>	
Hexachlorocyclohexane														1	ŀ	;	1	:	;	na	1.7E-01
Beta-BHC ^c	0	ı	1	Б	1.7E-01	ı	ı	ВП	1.7E-01	1	ı	1		ı							
Hexachlorocyclohexane				ç	0	2		9	л Ст.	ı		ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	9.5E-01	ŀ	na	1.8E+00
Gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0	9.5E-01	<u>e</u>	E C	- 8E+00	8.5E-01	ı	2	00 1			1		1	ŀ	:	ı	:	ı	E C	1.1E+03
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0	1	:	na	1.1E+03	1	ı	na	1.1E+03		1	ı			ı	ı	ı	:	:	Ē	3.3E+01
Hexachloroethane ^c	0	ı	ı	B	3.3E+01	ı	ı	na	3.3E+01	ı	ı	ı						;	2.0E+00	БП	:
Hydrogen Sulfide	0	ı	2.0E+00	na	ı	ı	2.0E+00	na	,	1	1	1	1	1	:	ı	1		: ! !	e C	1.8E-01
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene ^c	0	ı	1	п	1.8E-01	ı	;	Ba	1.8E-01	;	ŀ	1	,	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1		
lron	0	ı	١	na	1	;	:	па	1	ı	ŀ	1	;	1	:	l	!	ı			9.6E+03
Isophorone	•	ı	ı	na	9.6E+03	ı	ı	na	9.6E+03	,	:		1	1	ı	1	ŀ	:	: ;	5	
acces X	•	:	0.0E+00	ā	;	ı	0.0E+00	па	ı	1	ı	1	1	ŀ	ı	ı	ı	:	0.0E+00	T	1
o lodev	a. S	4 9F+01	5 6E+00		;	4.9E+01	5.6E+00	na	1	ı	1	1	1	ı	ŀ	1	ļ	4.9E+01	5.6E+00	E	:
Lead	> C) i	1 OF-01		;		1.0E-01	e	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ŀ	1	ı	ı	:	1.0E-01	e E	:
Malathon) (ı		i e	;	1		e	1	ı		,	ı	1	:	1	ı	:	:	e L	1
Manganese) (1 45+00	7 7E-01	! ;	:	1 4F+00	7 7F-01	! ;	;	ı	1	,I	1	ı	ı	ŀ	ı	1.4E+00	7.7E-01	:	: 1
Mercury	· c	} !		ä	1.5F±03	: ! '		ē	1.5E+03	ı	i	ı	1	,	ı	ı	1	:	:	E L	1.5E+03
Metnyl Bromine)		i	<u>.</u> .	5 OF 103		:		5.9E+03	ŀ	ı	:	ŀ	ı	ı	ı	ŀ	:	:	E .	5.9E+03
Metnylene Chiolide)	ł	1 1	<u> </u>	3	1	200	2 6		;	1	;	1		ı	ŀ	1	:	3.0E-02	Ē	:
Methoxychlor	9	l	3.0E-02		ı	!	3.05-02	<u> </u>	ı		i	1	1	ı	ı	ı	:	1	0.0E+00	па	:
Mirex	0	1		_	1		0.01	E C	1 1	ŀ	١ .			1	ı	:	١	1.0E+02	1.1E+01	ē	4.6E+03
Nickel	0	1.0E+02	1.1E+01	na	4.6E+03	1.0E+02	1.1E+01	В	4.6E+03	ŀ	1	:		. 1		1	1	,	:	na	;
Nitrate (as N)	0	1	ı	na	ı	ı	ı	na	1	ı	ı	:	:	ı	1	1	- 1	,	1	na	6.9E+02
Nitrobenzene	0	. 1	ı	В	6.9E+02	ı	ı	na	6.9E+02	ŀ	ı	ı	ı	1		ı	1	:	:	na	3.0E+01
N-Nitrosodimethylamine ^c	0	ı	1	ם	3.0E+01	1	:	Б	3.0E+01	ı	1	ı	ı	1		ŀ		1	1	B	6.0E+01
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine ^c	0	ı	ı	БП	6.0E+01	1	1	na	6.0E+01	1	ı	1	ì	ı		ı			:	ē	5.1E+00
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine ^c	0		ı	БП	5.1E+00	1	ı	na	5.1E+00	1	1	:	1	ı	;	1	l		001	: 2	:
Nonylphenol	0	2.8E+01	6.6E+00	;	:	2.8E+01	6.6E+00	na	ı	ı	ı	1.	ı	ı	ŀ	1	1	2.05.70	4 3E-02		;
Parathion	0	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	na	1	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	E C	1	1	1	ı	,	1	:	1	ı	9.3E-04	4 10 10		6.4F-04
PCB Total ^c	0	1	1.4E-02	na	6.4E-04	ı	1.4E-02	en.	6.4E-04	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1.4E-02		3.0F±01
Pentachlorophenol ^c	0	7.7E-03		na	3.0E+01	7.7E-03	5.9E-03	na	3.0E+01	1	,	J	ı	ı	ı	ı	:	7.7E-03	9.8	<u> </u>	90.00
Pheno	0	ı	ı	na	8.6E+05	1	ı	Б	8.6E+05	1	ı	ı	,	1	ı	ı	ı		:	E 1	4.05+03
	C	•	١	8	4 0F+03	1	ı	E	4.0E+03	1	ŀ	1	ı	1	:	1	ı		:	2	4.01
Pyrene	· ·		1		1		ı	e	!		ı	ŀ	ı	1	1	1	1	:	:	E .	:
Gross Alpha Activity	,			!													ı		:	na L	;
(pCi/L)	0	1	1	E	l,	1	1	na B	ŀ	i	ı	ŀ	1	!	1						
Beta and Photon Activity	c	1	1	a	ı	1	ŀ	na	1	t	1	1	ı	1	!	ı	1	:	:	E E	1
Radium 226 + 228 (pCi/L)		1	ı	ā	1	!	ı	B		1	ı	-1	1	1	i	ı	•	;	:	e.	:
Liranjum (IIII)		, I		e	ı		ı	g	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	:	:	1	-	:	E	:

											edilesed acitebases	anile		ntidearadatic	Antidegradation Allocations		Ž	ost Limiting	Most Limiting Allocations	
Parameter	Background		Water Que	Water Quality Criteria			Wasteload Allocations	Allocations	+		ilitaegi adation pas	1	•	֜֞֜֞֜֜֜֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֟֜֟֓֓֓֓֟֜֟֓֓֓֓֟	(3)4(0)	3	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ŧ
(hor)	Conc	Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic HH (HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	(S)	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	=	\dashv	4	()	00.10
(5)		0.00	00410		4 2E±03	2 OF+01	5 OF+00	8	4 2E+03	,	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	e C	4.2E+03
Selenium, Total Recoverable	>	2.0540.1	5.0 10.0 10.0		20.	0.10	2				•	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1.0E+00	:	na	:
Silver	0	1.0E+00	ı	ā	ı	1.0E+00	ı	e e	:	ŀ					1	,	:	:	na	;
Sulfate	0	•	ı	па	1		:	na	:	1	1	1	!	ı	ı				. g	4 0F+01
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0	ı	1	па	4.0E+01	ı	1	g	4.0E+01	ı	1	1	!	ı	ı	ı	:	:	<u> </u>	3.35+04
Tetrachloroethylene	0	1	٠	B	3.3E+01	1	ı	na	3.3E+01	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	ı	:	:	<u> </u>	10.5
Thallium	0	ı	ŧ	БП	4.7E-01	ı	ı	na	4.7E-01	ı	1	1	1	1	ŀ	,	:	:	E :	4.7 E-01
Tolliene	0	ı	ı	БП	6.0E+03	ı	ı	na	6.0E+03	;	1	ı	1	ı	ı	,	ı	:	E	9.00
Spilos poviosaip letoT	0	,	,	ā	ı	ı	1	na	ı	1	:	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ŀ	:	er E	: ;
Total dissolved some	, ,	7.35.01	2 OF 04	ā	2 RF-03	7.3F-01	2 OF-04	g	2.8E-03	1	1	1	1	1	:	·	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	ē	2.8E-03
Oxabilerie	•	2 1		2 ;	201	1 1	1 1			1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	4.6E-01	7.2E-02	na e	;
Tributyltin	0	4.6E-01	7.2E-02	e e	ı	4.6E-01	/.ZE-02	<u>.</u>	1	1				٠	ŀ	ı	:	:	na	7.0E+01
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0	1	1	na e	7.0E+01	ı	ŀ	ā	7.0E+01	1	1	•					1		e	1.6E+02
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0	ı	:	na	1.6E+02	ı	ı	na	1.6E+02	:	1 .	:	ı	ı	ı	l			. 2	3 0F+02
Trichloroethylene ^c	0	ı	1	па	3.0E+02	1	ı	па	3.0E+02	ı	1	1	!	ı	ı	I				2 4F+01
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol ^C	0	1	,	ВП	2.4E+01	ı	ı	na	2.4E+01	ļ	1	1			I	1	:	ŀ	E	
2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy)	0	ı	ı	na	ı	ı	ı	Б	ı	ı	:	1		1	ľ	ı	:	ŀ	na R	: :
propionic acid (Silvex)			:	ë	2.4F+01	ı	:	ВП	2.4E+01	ı	:	ı	1	ı	ı	1	:	ŀ	Ē	2.4E+01
			Ĺ		1 1	_	6 EE ±04	e c	2 6F+04	1	1	!	ı	1	:		6.5E+01	6.6E+01	æ	2.6E+04
Zinc	o	0.0=+0.1	0.05+01	2	2.0ET04	-	0.05+0-	2	2.35.3											

	I
Notes:	

- 1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise
- 2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals
 - 3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise
- 4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter
- 5. Regular WLAs are mass balances (minus background concentration) using the % of stream flow entered above under Mixing Information.

Antidegradation WLAs are based upon a complete mix.

- 6. Antideg. Baseline = (0.25(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for acute and chronic
- = (0.1(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for human health

Harmonic Mean for Carvinogens. To apply mixing ratios from a model set the stream flow equal to (mixing ratio - 1), effluent flow equal to 1 and 100% mix. 7. WLAs established at the following stream flows: 1Q10 for Acute, 30Q10 for Chronic Ammonia, 7Q10 for Other Chronic, 30Q5 for Non-carcinogens and

Metal	Target Value (SSTV)	Note: do not use QL's lower than the
Antimony	6.4E+02	minimum QL's provided in agency
Arsenic	9.0E+01	guidance
Barium	na	
Cadmium	3.9E-01	
Chromium III	2.5E+01	
Chromium VI	6.4E+00	
Copper	2.8E+00	
Iron	na	
Lead	3.4E+00	
Manganese	na	
Mercury	4.6E-01	
Nickel	6.8E+00	
Selenium	3.0E+00	
Silver	4.2E-01	
Zinc	2.6E+01	

Month	Day	рН	temperature
10-Aug	1		
20 746	2		
	3		
	4		
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	15		
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	19		
	20		
	21		
	22		
	23		
	24		
	25		
	26		
	27		
	28		
	29		
	30		
	31		
10-Sep	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
			22
	7		23
		7.2	23
	9		
	10		21
	11		
	12		
	13		20
-	14	7.4	22
	15	7.7	22
	16	7	21
	17		
	18		
	19		
	20		22
	20		
	21	7.4	22
	22	7.2	23
	23	7	21
	24		22
	25		
	26	5	
	27		21

Month	Day	рН	temperature
10-Sep	27	7	21
	28	7	20
	29	7.1	21
	30	7.1	20
10.0-1	1	7.6	21
10-Oct		7.0	
	2		
	3	- 4	
	. 4	7.1	19
	5	7.8	20
	6		18
	7	7.6	18
	8	7.7	19
	9		
	10		
	11	7.4	19
	12	7.8	19
	13	7.3	19
			18
	14	7.9	10
	15	ļ	
	16		
	17		
	18		18
	19		19
	20	7.4	19
	21		20
	22		19
	23		
	24		
	25		17
			18
	26		18
	27		
	28		18
	29		18
	30		
	31		
10-Nov	1	6.8	15
	2		
	3		
	4	7.6	16
	5		
	. 6		
	7		
<u> </u>			15
	8		15
<u></u>	9		15
	10		15
	11		15
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	15		15
	16		15
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	19		
	20		
	21		
			15
	22		
L	23	7.6	14

Month	Day	рН	temperature
10-Nov	24	7.6	13
10-1101	25		
	26		
	27		
	28		
	29	6.9	11
		7	12
	30		12
10-Dec	1	7	15
	2	7.6	
	3	7.7	13
	4		
	. 5		
	6	7.6	12
	7	7.8	12
	8	7.7	11
	9	7.6	11
	10	7.7	9
	11		
	12		
	13	7.6	8
	14	7.7	8
	15	7.8	5
	16		
	17		
	18		
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	20	7.8	4
	21	7.7	6
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	23		
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	29		
	30		
	31		
11-Jan	1	 	
TT-1011	2	<u> </u>	†
	3	7.1	7
	4	7.5	
	5	7.3	
	6	7.4	
	7	7.7	
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	10	6.8	6
	11	7	
	11	7.6	6
	13		
	14	7.8	8
	15		
	16		
	17		
	18		
	19		7
	20	7.5	10

Month	Day	рН	temperature
11-Jan	21	7.7	8
	22		
	23		
	24	7	6
	25	7.3	7
	26	7.2	7
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11-Feb	1	7.5	6
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Month	Day	рН	temperature
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	29	7.6	11
	30	7.3	11
	31	7.4	11
11-Apr	1	7.6	11
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11-May	1		
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Month	Day	рН	temperature
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	31	7.1	21
11-Jun	1	7.6	22
11-3011	2	7.6	22
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Month	Day	рН	temperature
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11-Aug	1		
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11-Oct	1		
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Month	Day	pН	temperature
11-Nov	7	6.3	12
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11-Dec	2	6.1	13
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12-Apr	1		
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Month	Day	рН	temperature
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12-Aug 23	Month	Day	рН	temperature
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Month	Day	рН	temperature
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12-Nov	1	7.1	15
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	28	7.4	9
13-Mar	1	6.4	9
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	23	7.4	14
	24	7.3	15
	25	7.1	15
	26	7.1	12
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	29	6.6	14
	30	7.1	16
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13-May	1	6.8	
	2	6.8	15
	3	6.9	14
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	14	7.6	16
	15	7.4	17
	16	7.1	17
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13-Jun			
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Lightfoot Elementary School Wastewater Treatment Plant pH and Temperature Data August 2010 through August 2014

Month	Day	рН	temperature
13-Jun	9		
	10	7.2	19
	11	7.3	20
	12	7.1	20
	13	6.8	22
	14	6.9	22
	15		
	16		
	17	7.2	21
	18	7.8	20
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13-Jul	1		
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	31		
13-Aug	1		
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		
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Month	Day	рН	temperature
13-Oct	3	7.3	21
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	5		
	6	7.4	21
	7	7.4	18
	- 8	7.5	
	9	7.1	20
	10	7.1	20
	11	7	19
	12		
	13		
	14	6.5	18
	15	7.4	17
	16	7.1	20
	17	8.3	19
	18	7.4	19
	19		
	20		
	21	7.9	18
	22	7.2	17
	23	7.8	16
	24	7.8	12
		7.6	
	25	7.0	10
	26		
	27		42
	28	7.4	
	29	7.1	15
	30	7.5	
	31	7.9	
13-Nov	1	7.6	17
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	3		
	4	7.1	. 15
	5	7.2	11
	6	7.4	16
	7	7.3	
	8	7.3	
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	11	6.7	13
	12	0.7	
	13	7.8	
	14	7.9	
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	7.3 7.6 7.9 7.7 6.8 8 7.5 7.8 7.5 7.4 7.3	9 11 12 12 11 9 9 8 10
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8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	7.5 7.8 7.5 7.4 7.3	8 10
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	7.5 7.8 7.5 7.4 7.3	8 10
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	7.5 7.8 7.5 7.4 7.3	8 10
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	7.5 7.8 7.5 7.4 7.3	8 10
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	7.8 7.5 7.4 7.3	8 10 , 9
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Month	Day	pН	temperature
14-Jan	27	7.9	8
14-3011	28	7.5	7
	29	7.5	
		7 7	6
		77	6
	31	7.5	
14-Feb	1		
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	3	7.1	7
	4	7.9	7
	5	7.1	8
	6	6.6	8
	7	6.8	8
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Month	Day	рН	temperature
14-Mar	26	6.3	9
	27	6.9	8
	28	6.8	8
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14-Apr	1		
	2		
	3		
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	5		
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	7	6.3	9
	8	7.4	11
	9	7.6	11
	10	7.2	12
	11	7.1	12
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	15	6.5	13
	16	6.7	12
	17	7.4	12
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	22	7.1	
	23	6.5	14
	24	6.9	14
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	28	7.3	13
	29	7.4	13
	30	7.4	13
14-May	1	7.8	14
	2	7.5	14
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Page 8 of 9 Attachment 5

Lightfoot Elementary School Wastewater Treatment Plant pH and Temperature Data August 2010 through August 2014

- 14 T	T	_{p1.1}]	temperature
Month	Day	pH	
14-May	23	6.9	18
	24		
	25		
	26		
	27	7.3	19
	28	7.7	20
	29	7.8	19
	30	7.2	19
	31		
14-Jun	1		
	2	7.4	18
	3	7.1	19
	4	6.9	20
	5	6.9	20
	6	7.5	20
		7.5	20
	7		
	8		
	9	7.3	20
	10	7.2	20
	11	6.8	21
	12	6.6	20
	13	6.8	20
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Day	рН	temperature
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90th Percentile pH = 7.8 SU

90th Percentile Temperature = 21°C

FACILITY: Lightfoot Elements VPDES #: VA0062961						
Ammonia Calculation - Acut	e <i>Ammonia Criteria fo</i> Temperature	DH		TIER INFORMA	TION:	NONE
DATA ENTRY:->	21	7.80				
FT=10^((.03)(20-T)		=	0.9332543			
FPH=1 if 8.0<=pH<=9.0 FPH=((1+10^(7.4-pH))/1.25 if FPH= 1.118485736442	6.5< = pH<8.0 ₿	= N	A 1.1184857			
Acute Criteria Concentration=	.52/FT/FPH/2	#	0.2490823			
Conversion from un-lonized to Total Acute Ammonia Criteria Where: Fraction of un-ionized where: pKa = 0.09018 + (2729) Total Acute Ammonia Criteria Total Acute Ammonia Criteria	= Calculated un-lonized ammonia = 1/(10^(pKa).92/273.2 + temperature = Calculated un-lonized = 0.24908;	ammonia cine -pH) +1) e 'C,) i Ammonia Crite 23 / 0	na divided by	Fraction= (.3693098 onized Am	
Total Ammonia is then convert TOTAL ACUTE N-NH3	ted to Ammonia-Nitroge 9.48867	en. 32 X .822	7.8186667	MG/L	=	7.82
Ammonia Calculation - Chro	onic Ammonia Criteria Temperature 21	for Freshwate pH 7.80	•	TIER INFORM	ATION:	
FT FT=10^((.03)(20-T)		=	0.9332543			
FPH FPH=1 if 8.0<=pH<=9.0 FPH=((1+10^(7.4-pH))/1.25 if FPH= 1.118485736442	6.5<=pH<8.0 8	= 	IA 1.1184857			
Ratio Ratio = 13.5 if 7.7<=pH<=9.0 Ratio = 20.25 x (10^(7.7-pH)) Ratio = 13.	/(1+(10^(7.4-pH)) if 6.5	c=pH<7.7 =	=	13.5 NA		
Chronic Criteria Concentratio	n=.8/FT/FPH/RATIO =		0.0567709			
Conversion from un-ionized to Total Acute Ammonia Criteria Where: Fraction of un-ionized where: pKa = 0.09018 + (272 Total Acute Ammonia Criteria Total Acute Ammonia Criteria	a = Calculated un-ionized d ammonia = 1/(10^(pKi 19,92/273.2 + temperatu a=Calculated un-ionized	id ammonia crit a-pH) +1) re 'C) I Ammonia Crite	eria divided by	Fraction= oKa =	9.3693090 onized Am	
Total Ammonia is then conve TOTAL CHRONIC N-NH3	erted to Ammonia-Nitrog 2.1626	jen. 606 X .822	1.7820323	MG/L	#	1.78
Revised 12/03/97: (Lwabr1\common\permits\mu	odelkowamm)					

1999 Ammonia Criteria

Analysis of the Lightf t Elementary School STP e. .uent data for Ammonia Averaging period for standard = 30 days The statistics for Ammonia are: Number of values Quantification level = .2 Number < quantification = 0 10 Expected value 36.00001 variance . 6 c.v. = 24.33418= Reasonable potential assumptions - Type 2 data 97th percentile Statistics used The WLAs for Ammonia are: Acute WLA Chronic WLA = ----Human Health WLA Limits are based on acute toxicity and 1 samples/month, 1 samples/week Maximum daily limit = 7.82 Average weekly limit = 7.819999 Average monthly limit = 7.819999

The Data are

The final effluent limitations will be established as 7.81999 mg/l Weekly Average which equals 7.8 mg/l and 7.81999 mg/l Monthly Average which equals 7.8 mg/l.

Note: The maximum daily limit applies to industrial dischargers

The average weekly limit applies to POTWs The average monthly limit applies to both.

1999 Ammonia as N Limit

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```
Facility = Lightfoot Elementary School WWTP
Chemical = Ammonia
Chronic averaging period = 30
WLAa = 12.1
WLAc =
Q.L. = .2
# samples/mo. = 1
# samples/wk. = 1
```

Summary of Statistics:

```
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 9
Variance = 29.16
C.V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 21.9007
97th percentile 4 day average = 14.9741
97th percentile 30 day average = 10.8544
# < Q.L. = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
```

A limit is needed based on Acute Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 12.1
Average Weekly limit = 12.1
Average Monthly LImit = 12.1

The data are:

9

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5/22/2009 3:51:58 PM
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Facility = Lightfoot Elementary School
Chemical = Total Residual Chlorine
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 19
WLAC = 11
Q.L. = 100
samples/mo. = 30
samples/wk. = 8

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1
Expected Value = 200
Variance = 14400
C.V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 486.683
97th percentile 4 day average = 332.758
97th percentile 30 day average = 241.210
< Q.L. = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data</pre>

A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 16.0883226245855
Average Weekly limit = 9.59676626920107
Average Monthly LImit = 7.9737131838758

The data are:

200

Public Notice - Environmental Permit

PURPOSE OF NOTICE: To seek public comment on a draft permit from the Department of Environmental Quality that will allow the release of treated wastewater into a water body in Orange County, Virginia.

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD: XXX, 2015 to XXX, 2015

PERMIT NAME: Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit – Wastewater issued by DEQ, under the authority of the State Water Control Board

APPLICANT NAME, ADDRESS AND PERMIT NUMBER: Orange County School Board, 200 Dailey Drive, Orange, VA 22960, VA0062961

NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY: Lightfoot Elementary School Wastewater Treatment Plant, 11360 Zachary Taylor Highway, Unionville, VA 22567

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Orange County School Board has applied for a reissuance of a permit for the public Lightfoot Elementary School Wastewater Treatment Plant. The applicant proposes to release treated sewage wastewaters from a public school at a rate of 0.004 million gallons per day into a water body. The sludge will be disposed by transporting it to Massaponax Wastewater Treatment Plant (VA0025658) for final disposal. The facility proposes to release the treated sewage in the Riga Run, UT in Orange County in the York River watershed. A watershed is the land area drained by a river and its incoming streams. The permit will limit the following pollutants to amounts that protect water quality: pH, cBOD₅, Total Residual Chlorine, Total Suspended Solids, Ammonia as N, *E.coli*, and Dissolved Oxygen.

HOW TO COMMENT AND/OR REQUEST A PUBLIC HEARING: DEQ accepts comments and requests for public hearing by hand-delivery, e-mail, fax or postal mail. All comments and requests must be in writing and be received by DEQ during the comment period. Submittals must include the names, mailing addresses and telephone numbers of the commenter/requester and of all persons represented by the commenter/requester. A request for public hearing must also include: 1) The reason why a public hearing is requested. 2) A brief, informal statement regarding the nature and extent of the interest of the requester or of those represented by the requester, including how and to what extent such interest would be directly and adversely affected by the permit. 3) Specific references, where possible, to terms and conditions of the permit with suggested revisions. A public hearing may be held, including another comment period, if public response is significant, based on individual requests for a public hearing, and there are substantial, disputed issues relevant to the permit.

CONTACT FOR PUBLIC COMMENTS, DOCUMENT REQUESTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: The public may review the draft permit and application at the DEQ-Northern Regional Office by appointment, or may request electronic copies of the draft permit and fact sheet.

Name: Joan C. Crowther

Address: DEQ-Northern Regional Office, 13901 Crown Court, Woodbridge, VA 22193 Phone: (703) 583-3925 E-mail: joan.crowther@deq.virginia.gov Fax: (703) 583-3821